M. Phil./Ph. D. Entrance Test - 2015 Subject: Political Science Paper - I

Important: Please consult your Admit Card/Roll No. slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet.

Roll No.	In Figure	In Words	
O.M.R. Ansv	wer Sheet Serial No.		
Signature of Car	ndidate:	Signature of	Invigilator:
Time: 60 Mir	nutes Number of Qu	estions: 50	Maximum Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Write your Roll No. on the Questions Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO.

2. Enter the Question Booklet Serial No. on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with Black Ball Point/Black Gel Pen.

Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.

4. Please check that this Question Booklet contains \$0 Questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of Test.

5. Each question has four alternative answer (A,B,C,D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with Black Ball Point/Black Gel Pen. There shall be no negative marking for wrong answers,

6. If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Booklet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.

- Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the question given in the Question Booklet.
- 8. If you want to change an already marked answer, erase the shade in the darkened bubble completely.

For rough work only the blank sheet at the end of the Question Booklet be used.

10. The Answer Sheet is designed for computer evaluation. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e. not following the instructions completely, shall be of the condidate only.

11. After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on

- 12. In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so would be expelled from the examination.
- 13. A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistant or found giving or receiving assistant or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- 14. Communication equipment such as mobile phones, pager, wireless set, scanner, camers or any electronic/digital gadget etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not
- 15. The candidates will not be allowed to leave the Examination Hall/Room before the expiry of the allotted time.

1.	The terms one dominant-party system/Congress system were used by the followir analysts to describe the nature of party system in the first two decades of Independe India.			
	A)Morris-Jones and R C)Sudipta Kaviraj and		B) James Manor a D) Yogendra Yada	nd Rajni Kothari ıv and Suhas Palshikar
2.	W. W. Rostow in hi using the metaphor of countries. Which one of	f take-off to refer th	e stages of developm	rowth outlined five stages ent of the underdeveloped
	A) From the Tradition B) The age of High Ma C) Post-Industrial Soci D) Drive to Maturity	ass Consumption	-off	
7.	One can forget the de the following philosop		ther but not the loss of	f patrimony'. Who among
	A) Hegel	B) Marx	C) Machiavelli	D) James Mill
4.	'Iron Law of Oligarch writings of:	y' enunciated in the	context of the party	system was used in the
	A) Robert Michels	B) Robert Dahl	C) Wright Mills	D) Montesquieu
	Who among the follow of underdevelopment' the	BERTHER THE THE PROPERTY OF T	itical economists refe	reed to the 'development
	A) Samir Amin C) Arighiri Emmanuel		B) A G Frank D) Immanuel Wall	erstein
6.	The SAARC is headquar	tered at:		
	A) New Delhi	B) Dhaka	C) Islamabad	D) Kathmandu
	Which one of the facto industrialization model t			from import substituting ia?
	A) Collapse of Soviet Union followed by other communist countries B) Gulf Crisis leading to massive increase in the oil prices C) Balance of Payment Crisis D) A minority Congress party government came under pressure from opposition			
8.	Who among the followin	g was not among the	founder figures of NA	M?
	A) Gamal Ahdel Nasse C) Sukarno	r	B) Josip Broz Tito D) Ho Chi Minh	
g.	Which one of the followi	ng book has not been	authored by B. R. Am	bedkar?
	 A) Who were the Shud C) The Buddha and his 		B) Annihilation ofD) Buddha, Mahay	

A) Social and economic inequalities are to be arranged so that they are to be of the greatest benefit to the least-advantaged members of society, consistent with the just savings principle (the difference principle) B) Social and economic inequalities are to be arranged so that offices and positions must be open to everyone under conditions of fair equality of opportunity C) Each person is to have an equal right to the most extensive basic justice compatible with a similar justice for others D) Each person is to have an equal right to the most extensive basic liberty compatible with a similar liberty for others 11. 'The human society is essentially a series of market relations; and political society becomes a means of safeguarding private property and the system of economic relations rooted in property'. Name the philosopher who authored The Theory of Possessive Individualism. A) C. B. Macpherson B) John Rawls C) Micheal Walzer D) Bhikhu Parekh 12. Who among the following has been associated with the 'End of History' thesis? A) Paul Sweezy B) Anthony Giddens C) Francis Fukuyama D) Farid Zakaria 13. Who among the following envisaged a 'socialistic pattern of society' in India? A) M K Gandhi B) C Rajagopalachari C) M N Roy D) J L Nehru 14. Who among the following has theorized about the concept of Total Revolution (Sampurna Kranti)? A) Jayprakash Narain B) Ram Manohar Lohia C) B R Ambedkar D) Narayana Guru 15. Who among the following has conceptualized post-colonial states as 'relatively autonomous' in relation to the ruling classes? B) Hamza Alavi C) Colin Leys D) All of these A) John Saul 16. In part three of Indian Constitution, there has been an inherent tension between the individual and collective rights. Which are the relevant Articles? A) Articles 14-17 B) Articles 25-30 C) Articles 39-44 D) A and B 17. The election of the President of India is based on: A) Single Transferable Preferential voting System B) Proportional Limited Representation C) Voting by an electoral college consisting of all the members of the State Legislatures and The Parliament D) A and B 18. A caste was characterized as Dominant Caste in rural India in the sixties if it had the following feature (s): B) Numerically Strong A) Landowning D) All of these C) Not very low in caste hierarchy (2)

10. What is the first principle of Rawlsian Theory of Justice?

19.Under the provisions minority committee on	Article 30 of Indian (the basis of:	Constitution, a comm	unity can be considered a
A) Religion only C) Religion or Languag	e	B) Religion as wel D) Either Religion	l as Caste , Language, tribe or caste
20. Which of the followin	g statement is true rela	ting to asymmetrical fi	ederalism?
Asymmetrical federative units in B) Asymmetrical federative.	ralism means a flexible the Constitution ralism allows the feden natters of specific con- provides for specific a	e type of union that go eral government to we cerns to them	rants special status to some ork out separate deals with
21. The core-periphery-sen Marxist theorist?	ni periphery model is	to be found in the v	writings of following neo-
A) Paul Sweezy	B) Paul Baran	C) A G Frank	D) Immanuel Walterstein
22. Who among the follo movement in the early t		as extremist nationa	list leader in the national
A) Lala Lajpat Rai C) Bipin Chandra Pal		B) Bal Gangadhar D) G. K. Gokhle	Tilak
23. Politics among Nations	has been authored by:		
A) Paul A. Baran C) Francis Fukuyama		B) Kenneth Waltz D) Hans J. Morgen	thau
24. Who is the author of World Order?	the book entitled Th	e Clash of Civilization	ons and the Remaking of
A) John Agnew	B) S. Huntington	C) F. Fukuyama	D) Samuel P, Huntington
25. Which of the following	statements misrepreser	nts the concept of 'Bal	ance of Power'
becoming predomina	capabilities between str coalitions repeatedly ant I law and internation	ates and alliances formed in history to	state or group of states prevent one state from balance the power of
26. An interim governmen	t headed by Jawaharlal	Nehru was instituted	on:
A) 6th March 1946 C) 26th November 1949		B) 9th December 19 D) 15th August 194	
27. Which of the following	fact is true about the N	AcMahon Line?	
by the Chinese gov	oundary between Chin ernment	a and India, although	ient of Tibet its legal status is disputed retary of the British-run

Government of India

D) All of the Above

Pranab Bardhan has argued that three proprietary classes forming what he calls 'dominant coalition' were the main beneficiaries of the development planning In India. He did not mention			
A) Rich Farmers B) The Industrial Capitalist Class C) The Middle Classes D) The Professionals			
30. In the present era of globalization the two institutions have received nearly universal acceptance under the tutelage of the global aid industries. Mark the correct one.			
A) Market Economy and Political Democracy B) Social Democracy and socialist model of economy C) Economic Democracy and welfarist economy D) None of the above			
31.Electoral democracy in India differs from its western counterpart in the following aspects. Mark the wrong one listed,			
A) The disadvantaged in India vote more than the rich and educated ones. B) Universal franchise was given in one go in India. C) Universal franchise was introduced even when India was largely poor and illiterate D) All of the above statements are true			
32. Which one the following has not been the feature of the Indian politics in the last decade			
A) Assertion of identity groups B) Rise of cultural nationalism based on the notion of majoritarian democracy C) New political economy of reforms D) Rise of linguistic movements			
 Atul Kohli has argued that the party in government is more likely to succeed in implementing poverty alleviation policies if 			
A) The party has pro-poor ideology B) The party has organizational presence in the state C) The party core support base comes from the underprivileged classes D) All of the above			
34. Which one of the following factors has not been identified by Ashutosh Varshney as leading to the re-configuration of Indian Politics?			
A) Rise of Hindu Nationalism B) Identity Politics C) Rise of regional forces D) Southern States following the North Indian States in terms of adoption of policies of affirmative action and protective discrimination			
35. The economic reforms were introduced in India due to the following factors. Mark the wrong one,			
A) The balance of payment crisis B) The collapse of the communist countries especially the Soviet Union C) The economic conditionality imposed by the international monetary institutions D) Due to the pressure from the opposition on the minority government led by Narsimha Rao			

(4)

28. Indian Constitution recognizes the minority status on the following basis

C) Caste

D) A and B

B) Language

A) Religion

36. Who among the foll India in the stealth for	owing has argued that m?	the economic reforms	are being introduced in
A) Atul Kohli	B) Pranab Bardhan	C) Rob Jenkins	D) Ashutosh Varshney
37. The Arthshastra writte	en by Kautilya is an Indi	nn treatise on:	
A) Statecraft C) Military strategy		B) Economic policy D) All of the above	
38. Who among the follow	ving has not been the Un	ited Nations Secretary	General?
A) Kofi A Annan	B) Kurt Waldheim	C) Mary Robinson	D) Boutros-Boutros Gha
39. The concept of 'dem- revolution' is attributed	ocratic centralism and	the communist party	being the 'vanguard of
A) Vladimir I. Lenin	B) Joseph Stalin	C) Antonio Gramsci	D) Rosa Luxemburg
40. What is not true about	the 'New' Social Mover	nents (NSM)?	
A) NSM are not socia B) NSM are localized C) NSM seek radical to D) NSM are not led by	and take up issues of im transformation of the soc	unediate significance ciety	
41. Which one of the follo	wing is not among the re	gional and sub-regions	d organizations?
A) SAARC	B) ASEAN	C) OPEC	D) NIEO
42. Who moved the object	ives resolutions in the Co	onstituent Assembly?	
A) B R Ambedkar C) Tej Bahadur Sapru		B) Jawaharlal Nehru D) Maulana Azad	
43. Who among the follow	ving Indian Political This	nkers cannot be dubbed	as Liberal?
A) Gokhale C) Rum Mohan Roy		B) Justice Ranade D) Dayanad Saraswa	ti
44. Secularism in India as the wrong one:	s practiced in India has	been inspired by the	following ideas. Mark
 C) Special Cultural an 	distance from all religion d Educational Rights for to the Majority Comm	the Minorities.	ns to be adjusted with
15. Who among the follow	ing has been associated	with the concept of 'rac	lical humanism"?
A) M N Roy C) Aurobindo Ghosh		B) Jawaharlal Nehru D) All of the Above	
16. Who among the follow politics and ethics?	ring political thinker is	credited with exploring	ng relationship between
A) Machiavelli	B) Isaiah Berlin	C) Fredrick Hayek	D) Vladimir Lenin

48. Which one of the violence?	e statement is not tr	ue regarding Mahatma Gand	thi views on non-
B) Non-Violence is C) Non-violence m of livelihood but	eans not just refraining	ree and there is no room for con from causing physical harm, thought of harming someone.	mental harm or loss
	following see freedor edom of choice in mark	m in essentially economic to et place?	erms and advocate
A) Robert Noziek C) F A Hayek		B) Milton Friedman D) All of the Above	
50. Which one of the autonomist/secession		n states in India has not wi	tnessed the rise o
A) Nagaland	B) Manipur	C) Arunachal Pradesh	D) Mizoram
		Y-X-X	
		of seed in	
		(6)	

47. Which one of the following event took place during the cold war period leading to direct confrontation between crstwhile Soviet Union and USA?

B) Soviet invasion in Afghanistan

D) All of the above

A) Berlin Blockade

C) Cuban missile crisis