

Ph.D. Entrance Test – 2015**Subject: Community Education and Disability Studies
Paper – I**

Important: Please consult your Admit Card/Roll No. slip before filling your Roll Number on the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet.

Roll No. *In Figure* *In Words*

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O.M.R. Answer Sheet Serial No.

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Signature of Candidate: _____

Signature of Invigilator: _____

Time: 60 Minutes Number of Questions: 50 Maximum Marks: 50

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL ON THE BOOKLET UNTIL ASKED TO DO SO.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Write your Roll No. on the Questions Booklet and also on the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided and nowhere else.
- Enter the Question Booklet Serial No. on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken the corresponding bubbles with **Black Ball Point/Black Gel Pen**.
- Do not make any identification mark on the Answer Sheet or Question Booklet.
- Please check that this Question Booklet contains **50** Questions. In case of any discrepancy, inform the Assistant Superintendent within 10 minutes of the start of Test.
- Each question has four alternative answer (A,B,C,D) of which only one is correct. For each question, darken only one bubble (A or B or C or D), whichever you think is the correct answer, on the Answer Sheet with **Black Ball Point/Black Gel Pen**. There shall be no negative marking for wrong answers.
- If you do not want to answer a question, leave all the bubbles corresponding to that question blank in the Answer Booklet. No marks will be deducted in such cases.
- Darken the bubbles in the OMR Answer Sheet according to the Serial No. of the question given in the Question Booklet.
- If you want to change an already marked answer, erase the shade in the darkened bubble completely.
- For rough work only the blank sheet at the end of the Question Booklet be used.
- The Answer Sheet is designed for computer evaluation. Therefore, if you do not follow the instructions given on the Answer Sheet, it may make evaluation by the computer difficult. **Any resultant loss to the candidate on the above account, i.e. not following the instructions completely, shall be of the candidate only.**
- After the test, hand over the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet to the Assistant Superintendent on duty.
- In no case the Answer Sheet, the Question Booklet, or its part or any material copied/noted from this Booklet is to be taken out of the examination hall. Any candidate found doing so would be expelled from the examination.
- A candidate who creates disturbance of any kind or changes his/her seat or is found in possession of any paper possibly of any assistant or found giving or receiving assistance or found using any other unfair means during the examination will be expelled from the examination by the Centre Superintendent/Observer whose decision shall be final.
- Communication equipment such as mobile phones, pager, wireless set, scanner, camera or any electronic/digital gadget etc., is not permitted inside the examination hall. Use of calculators is not allowed.**
- The candidates will not be allowed to leave the Examination Hall/Room before the expiry of the allotted time.

1. What rights are Human Rights?
 - A) Rights which are provided by Constitution of India
 - B) Rights which are Fundamental
 - C) Rights provided to all human beings by nature
 - D) Rights desired by human beings

2. In order to find the degree of relationships, we have to use a statistical test called
 - A) t-test
 - B) Anova
 - C) Chi-Square test
 - D) Pearson's Correlation

3. Public Interest Litigation refers
 - A) To mechanism to provide justice out of the Court
 - B) To provide speedy justice
 - C) To provide justice to poor, needy and weaker sections of society with the help of the NGOs' and media
 - D) In any statute or an act

4. Paulo Friere's approach could be briefly stated as
 - A) Organization of services for people
 - B) Mobilization of community leaders
 - C) Action-reflection process with people
 - D) Identification of target systems for work

5. World Summit on Social Development was held in the year
 - A) 1994
 - B) 1995
 - C) 1996
 - D) 1963

6. Which of the following is not a social process?
 - A) Accommodation
 - B) Acculturation
 - C) Annihilation
 - D) Assimilation

7. Panchayati Raj Institutions in India have brought about one of the following
 - A) Eradication of untouchability
 - B) Land ownership to depressed classes
 - C) A formal representation of weaker sections in village governance
 - D) Spread of education

8. Operationalization of Variables' in research means
 - A) Making the variables simple enough to understand
 - B) Making the variables measurable
 - C) Arranging the variables in a logical order
 - D) Making the variables fit for research

9. Manifestation of repressed ideas in the form of finer things is
 - A) Sublimation
 - B) Ambivalence
 - C) Compensation
 - D) Fixation

10. Sequence the following steps of Community Organization process :
- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| i) Identifying needs | ii) Exploring the resources |
| iii) Prioritizing the needs | iv) Developing Programmes |
| A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) | B) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) |
| C) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) | D) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) |
11. The 73 amendment act envisages the -----as the foundation of panchayati raj institution
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| A) Ward Sabha | B) Gram Sabha |
| C) Zilla parishad | D) Block Panchayat |
12. Human Development Report is published by
- | | | | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-----------|
| A) World Bank | B) ADB | C) UNDP | D) UNICEF |
|---------------|--------|---------|-----------|
13. The correlation co-efficient tends to lie between.....
- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| A) 0 to +1 | B) -1 to +2 | C) +1 to -2 | D) +1 to -1 |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
14. Shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers vendors and society constitute
- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| A) Community | B) Organisation | C) Stakeholders | D) Society |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
15. When one learns something and makes use of what he has learned is called
- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| A) Assimilation | B) Co-operation | C) Competition | D) Conflict |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
16. Lifelong learning is to
- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| A) Pursue in the early stage of life | B) Pursue throughout all stages of life |
| C) Pursue in the later stage of life | D) Pursue in the middle age |
17. Participating in the removal of illiteracy is a
- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| A) Social change | B) Conscience change |
| C) Cultural change | D) Status change |
18. Testing hypothesis is a
- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| A) Inferential statistics | B) Descriptive statistics |
| C) Data preparation | D) Data analysis |
19. Which of the following is not a source of data which is appropriate for qualitative study?
- | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| A) Experiments | B) Historical records |
| C) Biographies | D) Participant observations |
20. Uniting various qualitative methods with quantitative methods can be called as.....
- | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| A) Coalesce | B) Triangulation | C) Bipartite | D) Impassive |
|-------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
21. Conformity that involves public acting in accord with social pressure while privately disagreeing is
- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| A) Compliance | B) Acceptance | C) Obedience | D) Reactance |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|

22. A change in behavior or belief as a result of real or imagined group pressure is
 A) Compliance B) Conformity C) Acceptance D) Reactance
23. Sherif's study using autokinetic phenomenon suggest
 A) Compliance B) Acceptance C) Obedience D) Reactance
24. Normal requirements of society are satisfied by
 A) Id B) Supper Ego C) Super ego D) None of these
25. Educational Equality is a
 A) Fundamental right B) Only a customary right
 C) Only a legal right D) Only a directive principle
26. We usually avoid remembering something that is associated with fear or unpleasantness. In tradition language those avoidance is termed as
 A) Suppressing B) Rpression C) Retrieval future D) Forgetting
27. According to Montessori
 A) Equipment of schools is more important than teachers
 B) Knowledge of psychology will be a luxury for teachers
 C) Teachers should interfere in the pupil's behaviours with keen interest
 D) Knowledge of experimental psychology is essential for teachers
28. Action research means
 A) A longitudinal research
 B) An applied research
 C) A research initiated to solve an immediate problem
 D) A research with socioeconomic objective
29. In the process of conducting research 'Formulation of Hypothesis' is followed by
 A) Statement of Objectives B) Analysis of Data
 C) Selection of Research Tools D) Collection of Data
30. GDP measures
 A) A country's income B) A country's wealth
 C) Consumer spending D) Net trade income
31. A higher GDP per capita may not mean that the quality of life has really improved because
 A) It measures wealth not income
 B) It measures Gross Domestic Product
 C) It does not measure the quality of the items produced
 D) It is only measured every five years
32. As per the Mihir Shah Committee report, the average annual person-days of work generated under MGNREGA since inception has never exceeded ____?
 A) 46 days B) 52 Days C) 57 Days D) 66 Days

33. Which of the following were the first two states in India which established Panchayati Raj in 1956?
- A) Rajasthan and Maharashtra B) Rajasthan and Andhra Pradesh
C) Rajasthan and Odisha D) Rajasthan and Punjab
34. Constitution (73rd Amendment) Act, 1992 makes provisions for a 3-tier system of Panchayati Raj for all the States having population of above _ :
- A) 15 Lakh B) 20 Lakh C) 25 Lakh D) 30 Lakh
35. A person-centered counselor's role would best be described as a
- A) Coach B) Facilitator C) Expert D) Dictator
36. What Rights are Human Rights?
- A) Rights which are provided by Constitution of India
B) Rights which are Fundamental
C) Rights provided to all human beings by nature
D) Rights desired by human beings
37. Person-centered counseling is a form of
- A) Psychoanalytic psychotherapy B) Adlerian therapy
C) Humanistic psychotherapy D) Thorne's therapy
38. A system by which a society ranks categories of people in a hierarchy is called
- A) Stereotyping B) Social mobility
C) Social stratification D) Social inequality
39. In an experimental design, the dependent variable is:
- A) The one that is not manipulated and in which any changes are observed
B) The one that is manipulated in order to observe any effects on the other
C) A measure of the extent to which personal values affect research
D) An ambiguous concept whose meaning depends on how it is defined
40. Interpersonal communication helps one
- A) To know what others are thinking B) Learns about oneself.
C) Communicate with the general public D) To become a talented public speaker
41. The movement from one social class to another is known as
- A) Social status B) Social control
C) Social change D) Social mobility
42. Andragogy is known as
- A) Science of teaching children B) Arts and science of helping adults to learn
C) Science of behavioural study of adult D) Study of behavior of individual

43. The National Policy of Education was approved by the Government of India in the year
A) 1986 B) 1985 C) 1984 D) 1983
44. Which programme was launched by the prime minister of India on 8th September 2009?
A) Sakshar Bharat Mission B) National Literacy Mission
C) Functional Literacy Campaign D) None of the above
45. International Women's Day is celebrated on
A) 8th October B) 8th April C) 15th March D) 8th March
46. Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) was launched in the IXth Five Year Plan to
A) Bridge all the gender and social gaps in education
B) Universalisation of Elementary Education
C) Education for all
D) Education for the weaker sections
47. Which of the following is not an indicator for calculating Human Development Index?
A) Long and Healthy Life B) Dimension of Knowledge
C) Participation in Decision Making D) Decent Standard of Living
48. International Conference on Human Rights was held at Tehran in
A) 1950 B) 1956 C) 1968 D) 1980
49. Murry G. Ross suggested 3 approaches for community organization i.e. specific content approach and generic content approach. The third approach is
A) Problem approach B) Process approach
C) Propaganda approach D) Planning approach
50. Social structures are
A) Those aspects of a culture that are held in high regard, are desirable and therefore worthy of emulation
B) Principles of right and wrong actions and the rules and laws that govern the acceptable and unacceptable behaviour
C) Made up of a set of expectations about how people should behave in certain circumstances
D) Methods of placing people in social strata

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